

## How to install GUI on CentOS 7 Minimal and set Gnome Graphical Environment to automatically load on system boot

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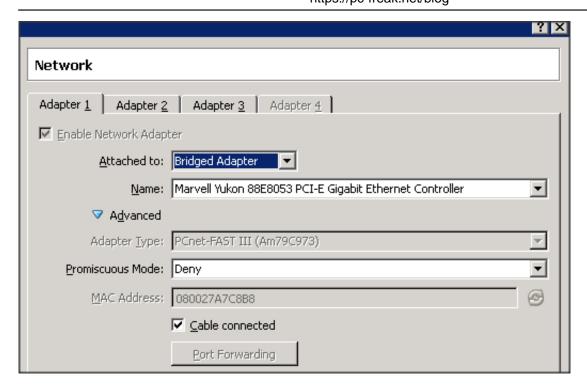


I have installed CentOS 7.7 Minimal Server Linux on a VirtualBox Virtual Environment as a test bed machine.

The system got installed easily successfully with the standard *CentOS python based graphical installer*, however I needed to place various software which was not there and for that of course I needed to have a network enabled.

To make network working instead of the default Network **NAT configuration** for the Virtual Machine I needed to use the *Network to be Attached to a Bridged Adapter* in order to make my *Windows machine* to provide network and (internet) access to VirtualMachine.





Then to make networking work after booting into CentOS I had to manually fetch IP via DHCP protocol with command:

[root@centos:~]# dhclient enp0s3



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test@localhost:/home/test

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```
[root@localhost test]# ifconfig -a
enp0s3: flags=4098<BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       ether 08:00:27:89:47:a0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 3312 bytes 1443048 (1.3 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 2941 bytes 219248 (214.1 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 66 bytes 5666 (5.5 KiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 66 bytes 5666 (5.5 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
/irbr0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.122.1 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.122.255
       ether 52:54:00:29:c3:92 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
/irbr0-nic: flags=4098<BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       ether 52:54:00:29:c3:92 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
[root@localhost test]# dhclient enp0s3
[root@localhost test]# ifconfig enp0s3
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.0.136 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.0.255
       inet6 fe80::a387:5dad:a8f7:53de prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 08:00:27:89:47:a0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 3321 bytes 1445053 (1.3 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 2972 bytes 224087 (218.8 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

To make the setting permanent I had to also of course modify /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-enp0s3 file and change

ONBOOT=no

[root@localhost test]#



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to

**ONBOOT**=yes



```
Applications
                  Places
                            Terminal
 File
      Edit View
                   Search
                            Terminal
                                      Help
TYPE=Ethernet
PROXY METHOD=none
BROWSER ONLY=no
B00TPR0T0=dhcp
DEFROUTE=yes
IPV4 FAILURE FATAL=no
IPV6INIT=yes
IPV6 AUTOCONF=yes
IPV6 DEFROUTE=yes
IPV6 FAILURE FATAL=no
IPV6_ADDR_GEN_MODE=stable-privacy
NAME=enp0s3
UUID=fd9f92e4-69ff-45a1-9177-98ae79b1f688
DEVICE=enp0s3
ONBOOT=yes
"ifcfg-enp0s3" 15L, 282C
```

On next reboot CentOS boots normally with networking as expected

As by default CentOS Minimal does not provide any graphical environment however I needed to have it in my VM in order to be able to use **VboxLinuxAdditions.run** (*VirtualBox Guest Additions* 



*plugins*) that enabled the CentOS Operating System to show in Virtualbox in fullscreen and to enable the Copy / Paste buffers to work from *The Hypervisor* (Windows in that case) and the Guest VM (the CentOS VM).

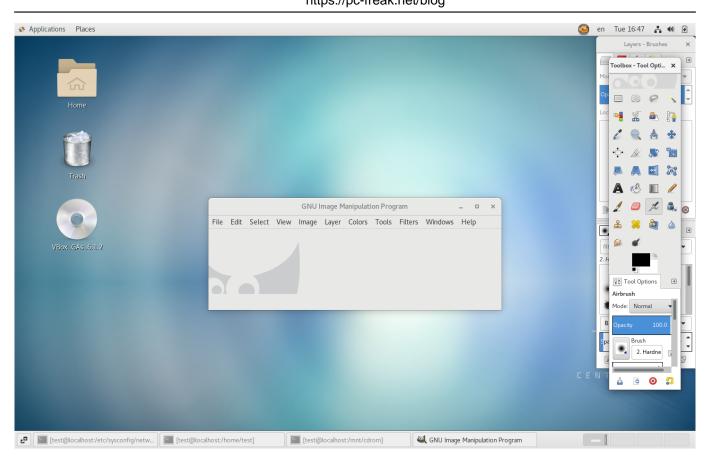
In CentOS terminology metapackages (a grouped package under a certain name, alias) are called simply groups) there is a "GNOME Desktop" group that can be used to install the GNOME Graphical Command from that point on with yum, like so:

[root@centos :~]# yum -y groups install "GNOME Desktop"

In a while the graphical environment will be in place, the command will install about 1300+ RPM packages, this will take about 5 minutes or so depending on your bandwidth connectivity. Once all is installed and configured successfully you can use the good old startx command to launch GNOME.

[root@centos:~]# startx





This of course will make Xserver and GNOME to run one time and on next reboot, you will end up in a plain text mode environment, so perhaps you will need to make the autolaunch of GNOME environment automatically on each boot in CentOS just like in most modern Linux distributions that use SYSTEMD to handle runlevels, you will need to configure it by changing the systemd default configured target via systemctl:

## [root@centos:~]# systemctl list-units --type target | egrep "eme|res|gra|mul"

graphical.target loaded active active Graphical Interface multi-user.target loaded active active Multi-User System

[root@centos:~]# systemctl set-default graphical.target



multi-user.target

[root@centos :~]# systemctl set-default graphical.target

[root@centos:~]# systemctl set-default graphical.target graphical.target

Next step was to enable the **Guest Additions** to do so I had to install in advance 2 RPM packages **kernel-headers** and **kernel-devel** 

[root@centos :~]# yum install -y kernel-headers kernel-devel

Then I had to mount and run the **VboxLinuxAdditions.run** script to enable them, i.e.:

[root@centos :~]# mkdir /mnt/cdrom

[root@centos:~]# mount /dev/cdrom /mnt/cdrom

•••

[root@centos:~]# cd /mnt/cdrom/

[root@centos:~]# sh VboxLinuxAdditions.run



the system is restarted [root@localhost cdrom]#

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test@localhost:/mnt/cdrom × File Edit View Search Terminal Help [root@localhost Desktop]# cd /mnt/cdrom/ [root@localhost cdrom]# ls AUTORUN.INF runasroot.sh VBoxSolarisAdditions.pkg TRANS.TBL VBoxWindowsAdditions-amd64.exe autorun.sh cert VBoxDarwinAdditions.pkg VBoxWindowsAdditions.exe VBoxDarwinAdditionsUninstall.tool VBoxWindowsAdditions-x86.exe NT3x 052 VBoxLinuxAdditions.run [root@localhost cdrom]# sh VBoxLinuxAdditions.run Verifying archive integrity... All good. Uncompressing VirtualBox 6.1.2 Guest Additions for Linux...... VirtualBox Guest Additions installer Removing installed version 6.1.2 of VirtualBox Guest Additions... Copying additional installer modules ... Installing additional modules ... VirtualBox Guest Additions: Starting. VirtualBox Guest Additions: Building the VirtualBox Guest Additions kernel This may take a while. VirtualBox Guest Additions: To build modules for other installed kernels, run VirtualBox Guest Additions: /sbin/rcvboxadd quicksetup <version> VirtualBox Guest Additions: or VirtualBox Guest Additions: /sbin/rcvboxadd quicksetup all VirtualBox Guest Additions: Building the modules for kernel 3.10.0-1127.13.1.el7.x86 64. VirtualBox Guest Additions: Running kernel modules will not be replaced until