

How to auto restart CentOS Linux server with software watchdog (softdog) to reduce server downtime

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I'm in charge of dozen of Linux servers these days and therefore am required to restart many of the servers with a support ticket (because many of the Data Centers where the servers are co-located does not have a web interface or IPKVM connected to the server for that purpose). Therefore the server restart requests in case of crash sometimes gets processed in few hours or in best case in at least half an hour.

I'm aware of the existence of Hardware Watchdog devices, which are capable to detect if a server is hanged and auto-restart it, however the servers I administrate does not have Hardware support for Watchdog timer.

Thanksfully there is a free software project called **Watchdog** which is easily configured and mitigates the terrible downtimes caused every now and then by a server crash and respective delays by tech support in Data Centers.

I've recently blogged on the topic of [Debian Linux auto-restart in case of kernel panic](#), however now i had to configure **watchdog** on some dozen of CentOS Linux servers.

It appeared installation & configuration of Watchdog on CentOS is a piece of cake and comes to simply following few easy steps, which I'll explain quickly in this post:

1. Install with yum watchdog to CentOS

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d ]# yum install watchdog
```

...

2. Add to configuration a log file to log watchdog activities and location of the watchdog device

The quickest way to add this two is to use echo to append it in `/etc/watchdog.conf`:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# echo 'file = /var/log/messages' >> /etc/watchdog.conf
echo 'watchdog-device = /dev/watchdog' >> /etc/watchdog.conf
```

3. Load the softdog kernel module to initialize the software watchdog via `/dev/watchdog`

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# /sbin/modprobe softdog
```

Initialization of **softdog** should be indicated by a line in dmesg kernel log like the one above:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# dmesg |grep -i watchdog
Software Watchdog Timer: 0.07 initialized. soft_noboot=0 soft_margin=60 sec (nowayout= 0)
```

4. Include the softdog kernel module to load on CentOS boot up

This is necessary, because otherwise after reboot the softdog would not be auto initialized and without it being initialized, the watchdog daemon service could not function as it does automatically auto reboots the server if the `/dev/watchdog` disappears.

It's better that the *softdog* module is not loaded via `/etc/rc.local` but the default CentOS methodology to load module from `/etc/rc.module` is used:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# echo modprobe softdog >> /etc/rc.modules
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# chmod +x /etc/rc.modules
```

5. Start the watchdog daemon service

The succesful intialization of softdog in step 4, should have provided the system with `/dev/watchdog`, before proceeding with starting up the watchdog daemon it's wise to first check if `/dev/watchdog` is existent on the system. Here is how:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# ls -al /dev/watchdogcrw----- 1 root root 10, 130 Aug 10 14:03 /dev/watchdog
```

Being sure, that `/dev/watchdog` is there, I'll start the watchdog service.

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d]# service watchdog restart
...
```

Very important note to make here is that you should never ever configure watchdog service to run on boot

time with **chkconfig**. In other words the status from `chkconfig` for `watchdog` boot on all levels should be off like so:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d ]# chkconfig --list |grep -i watchdog
watchdog 0:off 1:off 2:off 3:off 4:off 5:off 6:off
```

Enabling the `watchdog` from the **chkconfig** will cause `watchdog` to automatically restart the system as it will probably start the `watchdog` daemon before the `softdog` module is initialized. As `watchdog` will be unable to read the `/dev/watchdog` it will though the system has hanged even though the system might be in a boot process. Therefore it will end up in an endless loops of reboots which can only be fixed in a linux single user mode!!! Once again BEWARE, never ever activate `watchdog` via `chkconfig`!

Next step to be absolutely sure that `watchdog` device is running it can be checked with normal `ps` command:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d ]# ps aux|grep -i watchdog
root@hosting1-fr [~]# ps aux|grep -i watch|grep -v grep
root 18692 0.0 0.0 1816 1812 ? SNLs 14:03 0:00 /usr/sbin/watchdog
root 25225 0.0 0.0 0 0 ? ZN 17:25 0:00 [watchdog]
```

You have probably noticed the **defunct** state of `watchdog`, consider that as absolutely normal, above output indicates that now `watchdog` is properly running on the host and waiting to auto reboot in case of sudden `/dev/watchdog` disappearance.

As a last step before, after being sure its initialized properly, it's necessary to add `watchdog` to run on boot time via **/etc/rc.local** post init script, like so:

```
[root@centos:/etc/init.d ]# echo 'echo /sbin/service watchdog start' >> /etc/rc.local
```

Now enjoy, `watchdog` is up and running and will automatically restart the CentOS host ;)